

Level 4 Potential Conservation Area (PCA) Report

Name Coal Creek at Keystone Mine

Site Code S.USCOHP*5125

IDENTIFIERS

Site ID 769 Site Class PCA
Site Alias None

Network of Conservation Areas (NCA)

<u>NCA Site ID</u>	<u>NCA Site Code</u>	<u>NCA Site Name</u>
-		No Data

LOCATORS

Nation United States Latitude 385137N
State Colorado Longitude 1070246W

Quad Code Quad Name
38107-G1 Mount Axtell

County
Gunnison (CO)

Watershed Code Watershed Name
14020001 East-Taylor

SITE DESCRIPTION

Minimum Elevation	9,300.00 Feet	2,835.00 Meters
Maximum Elevation	9,800.00 Feet	2,987.00 Meters

Site Description

Coal Creek originates near the town of Irwin and drains east down a steep, V-shaped valley cut through igneous, sedimentary (Mesa Verde formation), and unconsolidated glacial drift bedrock. Coal creek is fairly sinuous with scattered beaver ponds along its course. Willows and pockets of spruce stands fill the valley bottom, broken by occasional dry meadows on colluvial slopes. Kebler Pass Road (County Road 12), which gets a lot of traffic during summer months, skirts the north side of the site. The Mt. Emmons mine is also upslope of the site. Upland slopes are dominated by spruce-fir and are very steep. Within this site, beaver ponds are prevalent. Drummond willow (*Salix drummondiana*), planeleaf willow (*S. planifolia*), bluejoint reedgrass (*Calamagrostis canadensis*), beaked sedge (*Carex utriculata*), and numerous forbs such as, large-leaved avens (*Geum macrophyllum*), cow parsnip (*Heracleum sphondylium* ssp. *montanum*), monkshood (*Aconitum columbianum*), elephantella (*Pedicularis groenlandica*), bistort (*Polygonum bistortoides*), geranium (*Geranium richardsonii*), horsetail (*Equisetum arvense*), orange sneezeweed (*Dugaldia hoopesii*), lovage (*Ligusticum tenuifolium*), and arrowleaf groundsel (*Senecio triangularis*) dominate the riparian and beaver pond areas. Graminoids such as tufted hairgrass (*Deschampsia cespitosa*), water sedge (*Carex aquatilis*), tufted sedge (*C. lenticularis*), and woodrush (*Luzula parviflora*) are also common. Plant species diversity is high although non-natives such as dandelion (*Taraxacum officinale*) and Kentucky bluegrass (*Poa pratensis*) are common.

Key Environmental Factors

No Data

Climate Description

No Data

Land Use History

No Data

Cultural Features

No Data

SITE DESIGN

Site Map P - Partial Mapped Date 08/09/1996
Designer Grunau, T.L.

Boundary Justification

The boundaries incorporate an area that will allow natural hydrological processes such as seasonal flooding, sediment deposition, and new channel formation to maintain viable populations of the elements along Coal Creek. The boundaries also provide a small buffer from nearby roads where surface runoff may contribute excess nutrients, toxicants, and sediment. It should be noted that the hydrological processes necessary to

Level 4 Potential Conservation Area (PCA) Report

Name Coal Creek at Keystone Mine

Site Code S.USCOHP*5125

the elements are not fully contained by the site boundaries. Given that the elements are dependent on natural hydrological processes associated with Coal Creek and its tributaries upstream activities such as water diversions, impoundments, improper livestock grazing, and development are detrimental to the hydrology of the riparian area. This boundary indicates the minimum area that should be considered for any conservation management plan.

Primary Area 495.43 Acres 200.50 Hectares

SITE SIGNIFICANCE

Biodiversity Significance Rank B3: High Biodiversity Significance

Biodiversity Significance Comments

The site supports a good (B-ranked) example of a globally vulnerable (G3/S3) riparian plant community, *Salix drummondiana* / *Calamagrostis canadensis* montane willow carr, and an excellent to good (AB-ranked) example of a globally apparently secure (G4/S4) riparian plant community Drummond's willow (*Salix drummondiana*) / mesic forb.

Other Values Rank No Data

Other Values Comments

No Data

LAND MANAGEMENT ISSUES

Land Use Comments

No Data

Natural Hazard Comments

No Data

Exotics Comments

No Data

Offsite

Hydrological processes originating outside the planning boundary, including water quality, quantity, and timing, must be managed to maintain site viability.

Information Needs

No Data

ASSOCIATED ELEMENTS OF BIODIVERSITY

<u>Element</u>			<u>Global</u>	<u>State</u>	<u>Driving</u>
<u>State ID</u>	<u>State Scientific Name</u>	<u>State Common Name</u>	<u>Rank</u>	<u>Rank</u>	<u>Site Rank</u>
24473	<i>Salix drummondiana</i> / <i>Calamagrostis canadensis</i> Shrubland	Lower Montane Willow Carrs	G3	S3	Yes
24961	<i>Salix drummondiana</i> / Mesic Forbs Shrubland	Drummonds Willow/Mesic Forb	G4	S4	No

REFERENCES

<u>Reference ID</u>	<u>Full Citation</u>
173839	Rocchio J., G Doyle, and R. Rondeau. 2003. Final Report: Survey of Critical Wetlands and Riparian Areas in Gunnison County, Colorado. Colorado Natural Heritage Program, Fort Collins, CO.
173182	Rocchio, J. 2002. Colorado Natural Heritage Program Field Survey of Critical Wetlands in Gunnison County.

ADDITIONAL TOPICS

Additional Topics

No Data

VERSION

Version Date 12/18/2002
Version Author Rocchio, F.J.

Disclaimer

Level 4 Potential Conservation Area (PCA) Report

Name Coal Creek at Keystone Mine

Site Code S.USCOHP*5125

These data are a product and property of Colorado State University, Colorado Natural Heritage Program (CNHP). These data are strictly "on loan" and should be considered "works in progress". Data maintained in the Colorado Natural Heritage Program database are an integral part of ongoing research at CSU and reflect the observations of many scientists, institutions and our current state of knowledge. These data are acquired from various sources, with varying levels of accuracy, and are continually being updated and revised. Many areas have never been surveyed and the absence of data in any particular geographic area does not necessarily mean that species or ecological communities of concern are not present. These data should not be regarded as a substitute for on-site surveys required for environmental assessments. Absence of evidence is NOT evidence of absence. Absence of any data does not mean that other resources of special concern do not occur, but rather CNHP files do not currently contain information to document this presence. CNHP is not responsible for whether other, non-CNHP data providers have secured landowner permission for data collected.

These data are provided for non-commercial purposes only. Under no circumstances are data to be distributed in any fashion to outside parties. To ensure accurate application of data, tabular and narrative components must be evaluated in conjunction with spatial components. Failure to do so constitutes a misuse of the data. The Colorado Natural Heritage Program shall have no liability or responsibility to the data users, or any other person or entity with respect to liability, loss, or damage caused or alleged to be caused directly or indirectly by the data, including but not limited to any interruption of service, loss of business, anticipatory profits or indirect, special, or consequential damages resulting from the use of operation of the data. Data users hereby agree to hold CNHP, Colorado State University, and the State of Colorado harmless from any claim, demand, cause of action, loss, damage or expense from or related to data users use of or reliance on the data, regardless of the cause or nature thereof, and even in the event that such cause is attributable to the negligence or misconduct of CNHP.

These data are provided on an as-is basis, as-available basis without warranties of any kind, expressed or implied, INCLUDING (BUT NOT LIMITED TO) WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, AND NON-INFRINGEMENT. Although CNHP maintains high standards of data quality control, CNHP, Colorado State University, and the State of Colorado further expressly disclaim any warranty that the data are error-free or current as of the date supplied